

Detection of outliers and calculation of trade indices based on unit values

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Regional seminar on trade statistics
New Delhi: 3-6 November 2014





Introduction

ITC is developing a customizeable program in SAS to detect outliers and calculate external trade indices based on unit values

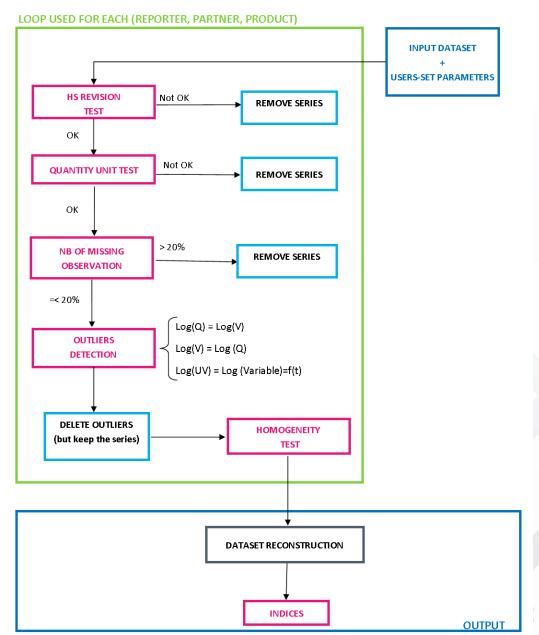


Parameters that can be customized by the user

- Partner countries: by default all countries are included
- Product codes: by default all products belonging to HS except 99
- Aggregation level: by HS level or by time period
- Calculation method: fixed based or chained indices
- Type of Indices: Laspeyres, Paasche, Fisher
- **Time reference:** indices are calculated either with the classical formula or on a year-to-date basis



Program algorithm

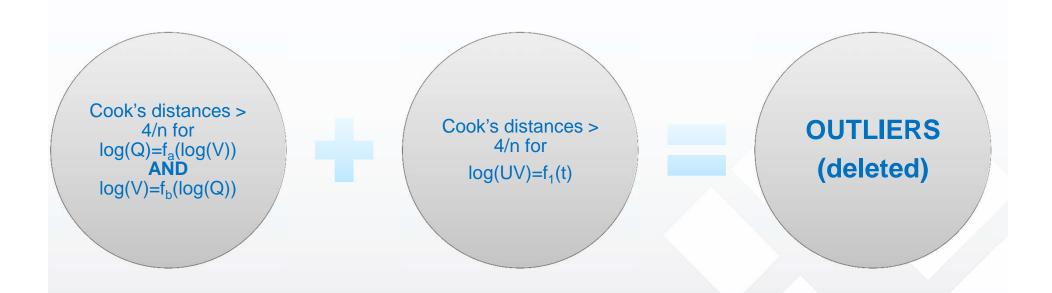




IMPACT FOR GOOD

Outliers Detection

Values and quantities are log transformed to stabilize the variance



Outliers detected are deleted from the time series but saved in a specific file for further analysis



Examples of outliers detected in Malawi's exports

Date	Partner Country	Product code	Product name	Cook's distance	Unit Value	UV mean	UV mediane	Compared to the median
12/09	United Kingdom		Black tea (fermented) & partly fermented tea in packages exceeding 3 kg	0.986	0.0438	0.0029	0.0019	22.8
12/09	Zambia	39249000	Household and toilet articles nes, of plastics	0.744	0.0984	0.0043	0.0021	46.4
03/09	Mozambique	39249000	Household and toilet articles nes, of plastics	0.710	0.0661	0.0051	0.0021	31.8
06/09	Zambia	94037000	Furniture, plastic, nes	0.608	0.3526	0.0087	0.0021	165.3
03/09	Mozambique	94037000	Furniture, plastic, nes	0.539	0.1380	0.0070	0.0026	53.6
12/11	Zimbabwe	39249000	Household and toilet articles nes, of plastics	0.539	0.1117	0.0051	0.0028	39.8





Assessment of homogeneity

$$RIQ = \frac{Q_3 - Q_1}{M}$$

$$MMI = \frac{(m_1 + \dots + m_k)^2}{m_1^2 + \dots + m_k^2}$$

Two conditions are recommended to conclude on homogeneity for the series under review:

- The Relative InterQuartile (RIQ) is less than 1
- The MultiModality Index (MMI) is less than 2 or (RIQ * MMI) < 1

All non-homogeneous series are deleted

Source: UNSD - CALCULATION OF EXTERNAL TRADE INDICES BASED ON UNIT VALUES - TRAINING MODULE - November 2009





Calculation of indices

• Type of indices

Paasche

$$P_{uv t,0} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} Q_{t(i)} * P_{t(i)}}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} Q_{t(i)} * P_{0(i)}}$$

Laspeyres

$$L_{uv t,0} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} Q_{0(i)} * P_{t(i)}}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} Q_{0(i)} * P_{0(i)}}$$

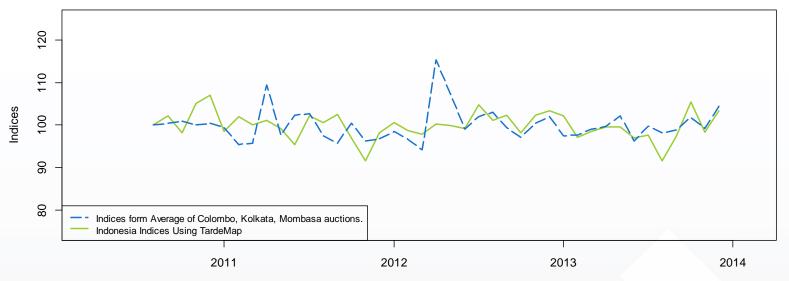
Fisher

$$F_{uv\,t,0} = \sqrt{L_{uv\,t/0} * P_{uv\,t/0}}$$

- Coverage in value
- Grouping by quarter or year, country or region, product or sector is possible by using parameters.

Examples of trade indices

Comparing Unit Value Indices for Tea exported from Indonesia with International Tea Price Indices



Comparing Unit Value Indices for Cocoa exported from Cote d'Ivoire with International Cocoa Price Indices

